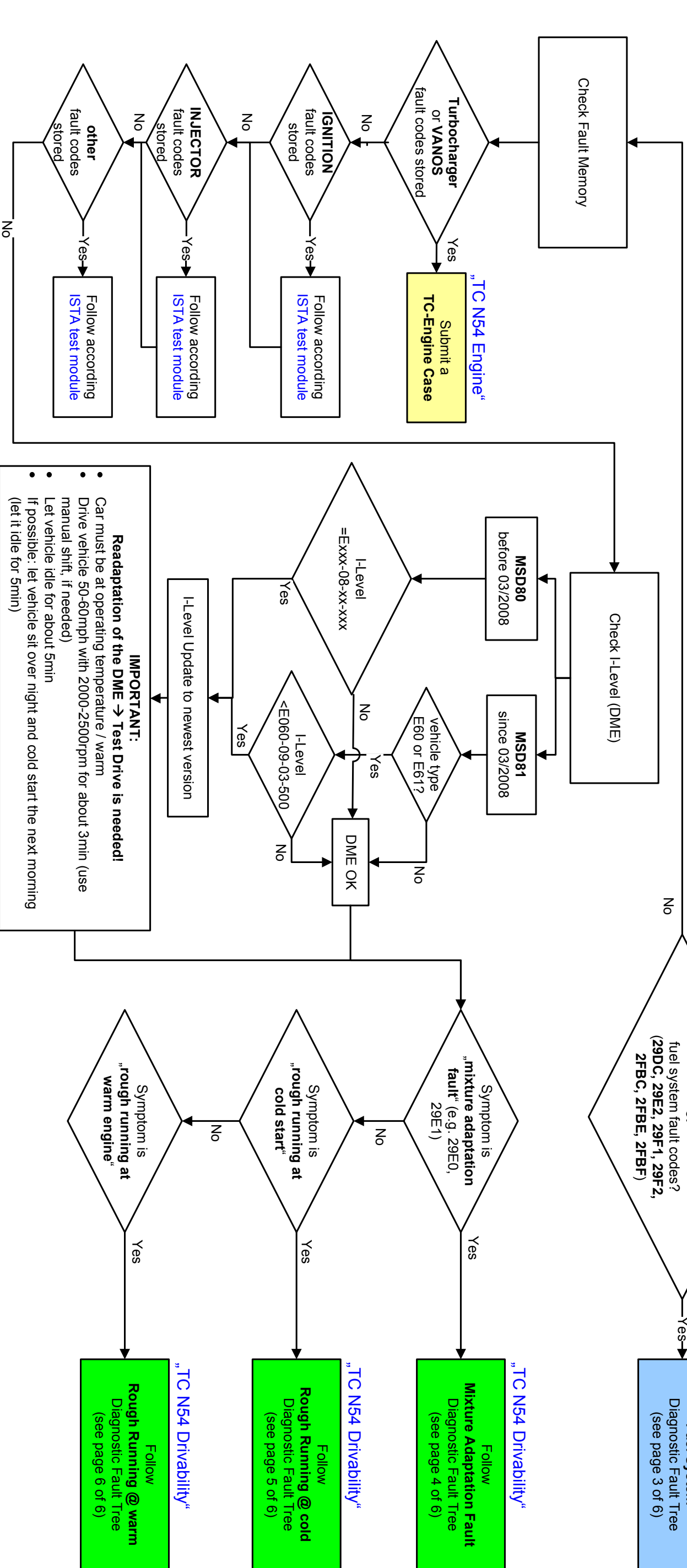


N54 Engine Diagnostic Fault Tree Version 12_03_09

- *TC-Authorization is needed for replacements of all parts listed below**
- EKP
 - EKPM
 - Low Pressure Fuel Sensor
 - Rail Pressure Fuel Sensor
 - High Pressure Fuel Pump
 - Fuel Injector
 - Ignition Coil
 - O2 Sensor
 - Knock Sensor

- First Steps**
- ISTA short test (use v2.16 or higher)
 - PMP questionnaire
 - Car service history → **Possible buy-back situation?**
 - Come back more than 2 times?
 - **Has RTE been contacted?**

Check for Powertrain Aftermarket Devices /Modifications,
e.g. turbo boost controllers, complete exhaust or induction systems, blow off valves, etc. (see [SIB121008/122008](#));
IF YES: contact customer and advise that vehicle has to be brought back to STOCK CONDITION prior to continuing diagnosis;
Contact Area-Team to flag the vehicle in the warranty system!!



Check Symptom

Is this really the symptom described?

Is **white smoke** visible at the tailpipe or does the exhaust **strongly smell of fuel**?

Return to Page 1

Yes

Contact TC

No

Any misfire faults stored?

Yes

Swap ignition coil and spark plug of misfiring cyl. with OK cylinders;

No

Does misfire follow the ignition coil?

Yes

***Submit TC case for ignition coil replacement and spark plug accordingly**

DC_COIL

***Submit TC case for injector replacement on the cylinders affected by misfire**

Note:

- If only one misfire occurs per bank → Replace just one injector
- If more than one misfire occurs in the same bank → Replace all 3 injectors of that bank;
- If more than three cylinders misfire → Replace all 6 injectors
- If the injector part numbers are **7 537 317** → Replace **ALL** injectors

DC_LEAK



Injector Part Number

When replacing injectors, make sure that:

- Injector calibration is done (follow SIB 12 26 08)
- Clear all DME adaptations
- Include replaced injector part number (see picture at the left) in PUMA case

In case of this **leaking injector symptom**, make sure that:

- Catalyst inside (Honeycomb) is visually checked (borescope if available), whether they are mechanically deteriorated; please attach pictures to TC case; also check for fault codes 29F4, 29F5 „catalyst conversion“ in the fault memory;
- Oil change is performed
- Current DME I-Level is programmed
- Extended test drive is performed! It needs elevated temperatures and high engine loads to evaporate/burn fuel in exhaust system

Exit

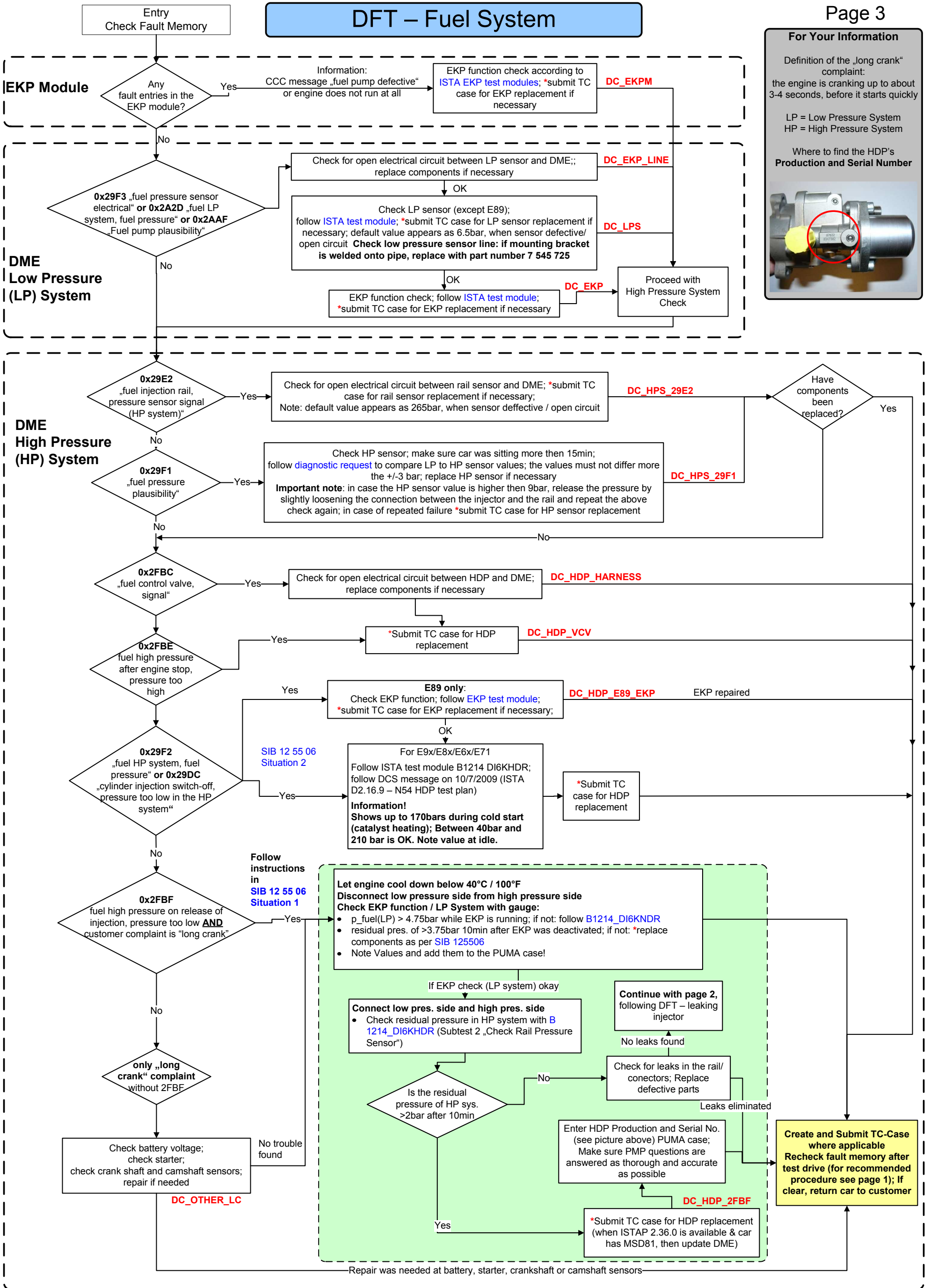
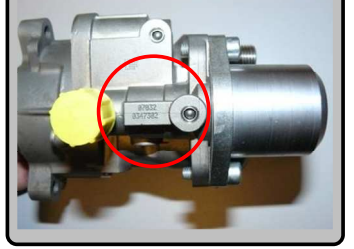
Create and submit TC-Case, where applicable
Recheck fault memory after test drive; If clear, return car to customer

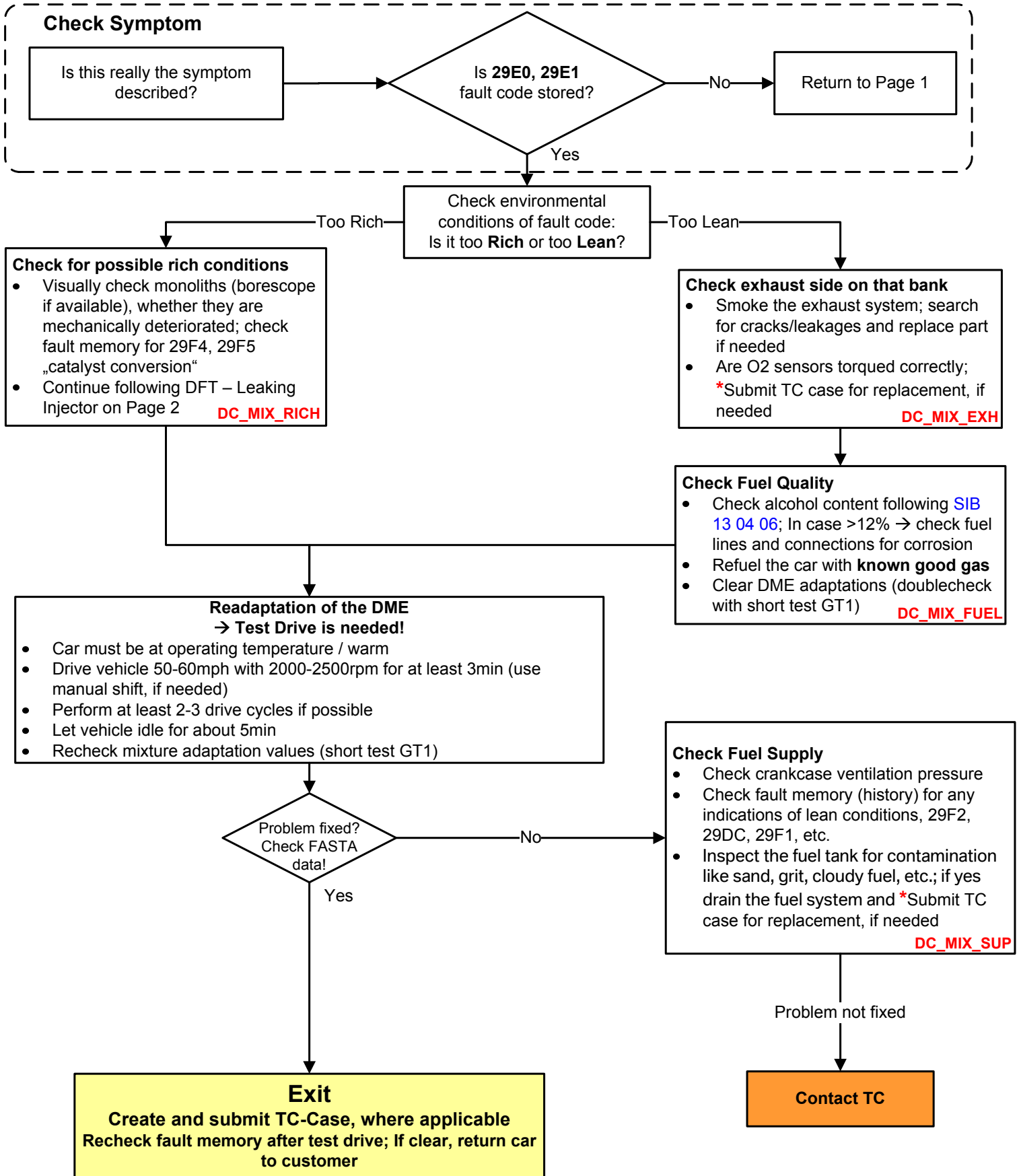
For Your Information

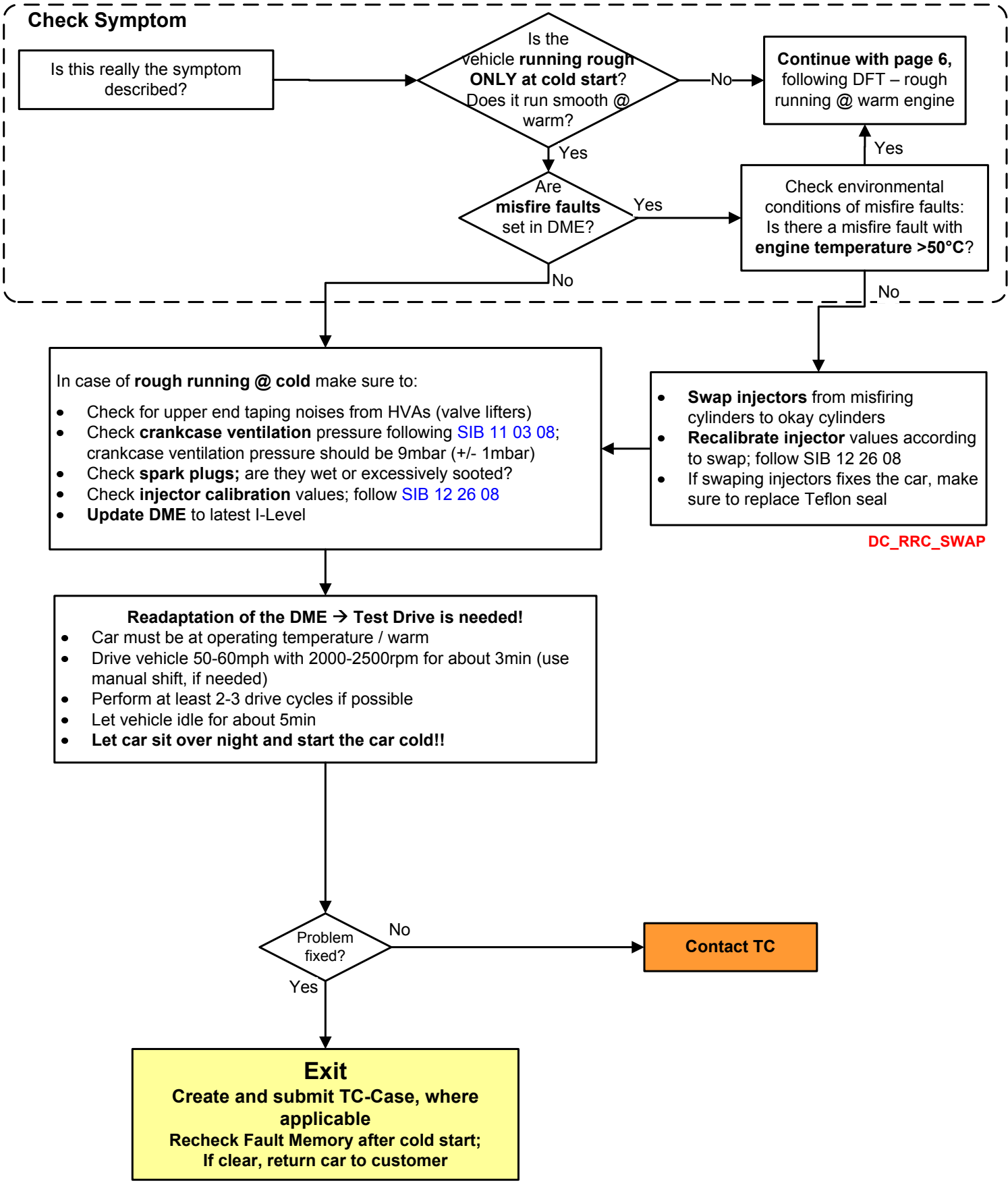
Definition of the „long crank“ complaint:
the engine is cranking up to about 3-4 seconds, before it starts quickly

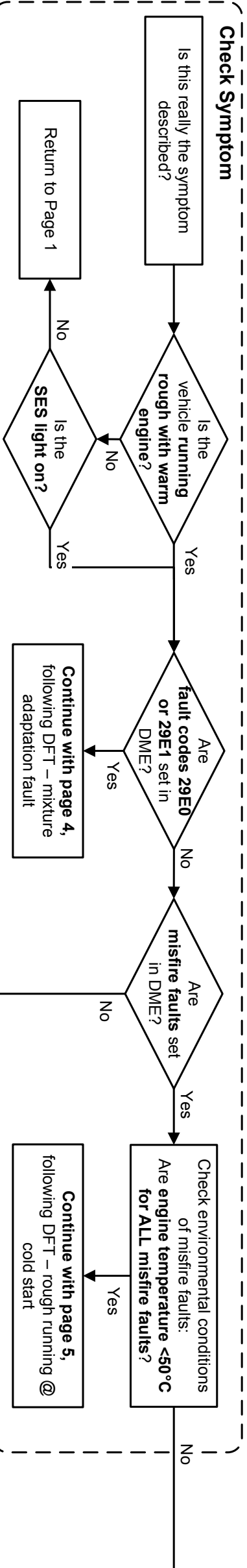
LP = Low Pressure System
HP = High Pressure System

Where to find the HDP's
Production and Serial Number

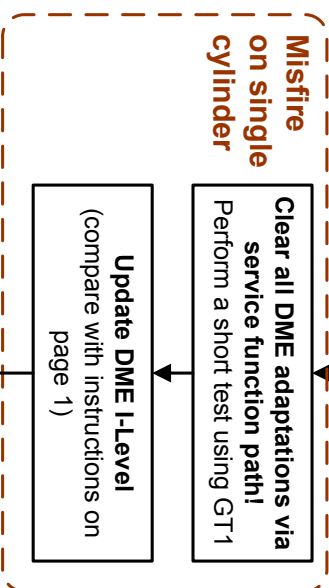








- First Check:**
- **Recheck DME fault code:** are there any other fault codes; if yes follow ISTA test plans
 - Recheck DME I-Level (look at page 1), update if needed
 - Check **crankcase ventilation** pressure following **SIB 11 03 08**; crankcase ventilation pressure should be 9mbar (+/- 1mbar)
 - Check **cylinder compression / cylinder leak down at engine operating temperature with open throttle**; follow **RA 11 00 039** and **SIB 11 13 06**; nominal values 14...16 bar, deviation between cylinders not more than 2bar (29psi); leak down exceeding 8% indicates problem; further determine whether it's caused by the intake, exhaust valves or piston rings
 - Check **spark plugs**
 - Check vacuum lines, waste-gate solenoid valves of the turbochargers, etc.



Readaptation of the DME → Test Drive is needed!

- Car must be at operating temperature / warm
- Drive vehicle 50-60mph with 2000-2500rpm for about 3min (use manual shift, if needed)
- Perform at least 2-3 drive cycles if possible
- Let vehicle idle for about 5min

